

data and if the aircraft is approved for use in IFR or over-the-top operations, that data must be sufficient to enable the pilot to determine compliance with § 135.181(a)(2).

(b) Each cockpit checklist required by paragraph (a)(1) of this section must contain the following procedures:

- (1) Before starting engines;
- (2) Before takeoff;
- (3) Cruise;
- (4) Before landing;
- (5) After landing;
- (6) Stopping engines.

(c) Each emergency cockpit checklist required by paragraph (a)(2) of this section must contain the following procedures, as appropriate:

- (1) Emergency operation of fuel, hydraulic, electrical, and mechanical systems.
- (2) Emergency operation of instruments and controls.
- (3) Engine inoperative procedures.
- (4) Any other emergency procedures necessary for safety.

§ 135.85 Carriage of persons without compliance with the passenger-carrying provisions of this part.

The following persons may be carried aboard an aircraft without complying with the passenger-carrying requirements of this part:

- (a) A crewmember or other employee of the certificate holder.
- (b) A person necessary for the safe handling of animals on the aircraft.
- (c) A person necessary for the safe handling of hazardous materials (as defined in subchapter C of title 49 CFR).
- (d) A person performing duty as a security or honor guard accompanying a shipment made by or under the authority of the U.S. Government.
- (e) A military courier or a military route supervisor carried by a military cargo contract air carrier or commercial operator in operations under a military cargo contract, if that carriage is specifically authorized by the appropriate military service.
- (f) An authorized representative of the Administrator conducting an en route inspection.
- (g) A person, authorized by the Administrator, who is performing a duty connected with a cargo operation of the certificate holder.

(h) A DOD commercial air carrier evaluator conducting an en route evaluation.

[Docket No. 16097, 43 FR 46783, Oct. 10, 1978, as amended by Amdt. 135-88, 68 FR 41218, July 10, 2003]

§ 135.87 Carriage of cargo including carry-on baggage.

No person may carry cargo, including carry-on baggage, in or on any aircraft unless—

- (a) It is carried in an approved cargo rack, bin, or compartment installed in or on the aircraft;
- (b) It is secured by an approved means; or

(c) It is carried in accordance with each of the following:

- (1) For cargo, it is properly secured by a safety belt or other tie-down having enough strength to eliminate the possibility of shifting under all normally anticipated flight and ground conditions, or for carry-on baggage, it is restrained so as to prevent its movement during air turbulence.
- (2) It is packaged or covered to avoid possible injury to occupants.
- (3) It does not impose any load on seats or on the floor structure that exceeds the load limitation for those components.
- (4) It is not located in a position that obstructs the access to, or use of, any required emergency or regular exit, or the use of the aisle between the crew and the passenger compartment, or located in a position that obscures any passenger's view of the "seat belt" sign, "no smoking" sign, or any required exit sign, unless an auxiliary sign or other approved means for proper notification of the passengers is provided.
- (5) It is not carried directly above seated occupants.
- (6) It is stowed in compliance with this section for takeoff and landing.
- (7) For cargo only operations, paragraph (c)(4) of this section does not apply if the cargo is loaded so that at least one emergency or regular exit is available to provide all occupants of the aircraft a means of unobstructed exit from the aircraft if an emergency occurs.

(d) Each passenger seat under which baggage is stowed shall be fitted with a means to prevent articles of baggage